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Pollinators need a continuous succession of plants flowering from early spring through fall







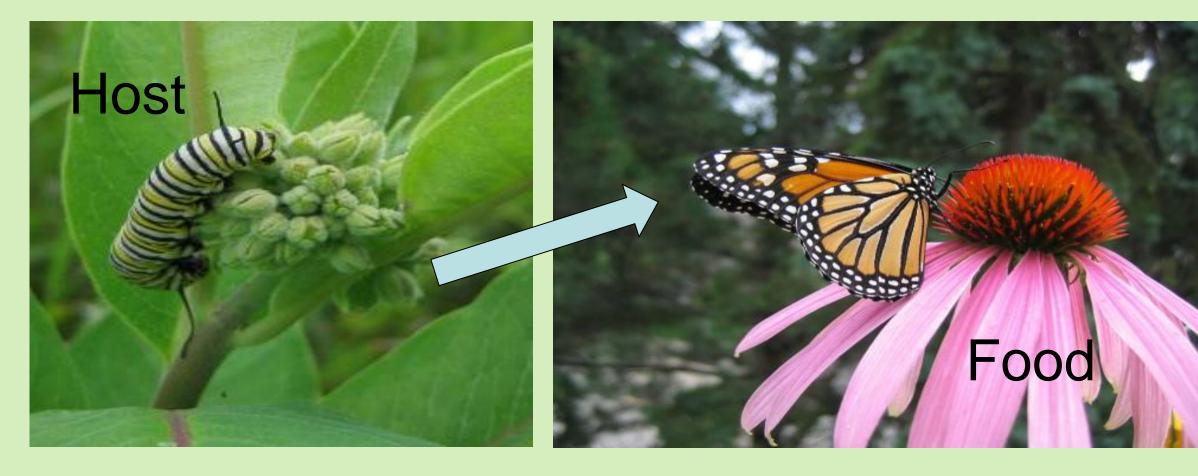
Variety of food sources to satisfy different species' needs







Pollinator life cycle may depend on different plants







Marsh Marigold

Caltha palustris

- Pollinator value: medium
- Bloom time: April May
- Height: low
- Light requirements: full sun
- Habitat: marshes, stream banks, wet
- ditches
- Soil moisture: moist, wet
- Pollinators: Syrphid flies, Ants, Cuckoo
- bees





Canada Anemone

Anemone canadensis

- Pollinator value: Pollen, no nectar
- Bloom time: May July
- Height: < .5 meter
- Light requirements: full sun
- Habitat: rich woods/ thickets
- Soil moisture: Moist
- Pollinators: mining bees, small
- carpenter bees, sweat bees, yellow faced bees, beetles, flies







White Turtlehead

Chelone glabra

- Pollinator value: medium
- Bloom time: June to August
- Height: ~ 1+ meter
- Light requirements: full sun to shade
- Habitat: marshes, stream banks, wet ditches, low meadows, woodlands
- Soil moisture: moist, wet
- Pollinators: long horned bees, bumblebees
- Host plant: Baltimore Checkerspot butterfly









Canada Tick Trefoil

Desmodium canadense

- Pollinator value: medium
- Bloom time: July to August
- Height: ~ 1+ meter
- Light requirements: full sun to partial sun
- Habitat: variety of soil types
- Soil moisture: moist, wet
- Pollinators: leafcutter bee, sweat bee, bumblebees,
- Host plant: Northern Cloudwing Butterfly, Southern Cloudwing and Hoary Edge (all rare in Canada)







Swamp Milkweed

Asclepias incarnata

- Pollinator value: very high
- Bloom time: July to August
- Height: ~ 1 meter
- Light requirements: full sun to partial sun
- Habitat: variety of soil types
- Soil moisture: moist, wet
- Pollinators: bee, bumblebees, wasps
- Host plant: Monarch butterfly
- Only Common Milkweed (Asclepias syriaca) in Newfoundland









Blue Flag Iris

Iris versicolor

- Pollinator value: high
- Bloom time: July September
- Height: ~ 1 meter
- Light requirements: full sun
- Habitat: wet woods and meadows and along shorelines of lakes, rivers and ponds
- Soil moisture: Moist
- Pollinators: bumblebees, bees, butterflies and moths







Purple Giant Hyssop

Agastache scrophulariifolia

- Pollinator value: very high
- Bloom time: July September
- Height: ~ 1 meter
- Light requirements: full sun to part shade
- Habitat: rich woods/ thickets
- Soil moisture: Moist
- Pollinators: native bees, honey bees
- Ontario only; other varieties of hyssop available, but not native or invasive if planted.







Blazing Star species

Liatris sp.

- Pollinator value: high
- Bloom time: July to September
- Height: ~ 1+ meter
- Light requirements: full sun
- Habitat: variety of soil types
- Soil moisture: dry to moist
- Pollinators:, bumblebees, bee flies, wide variety butterflies, Monarch (adults)
- Host plant: Bleeding Flower moth
- L. spicata (ON/QC) and L. punctata (MB)







Wetland Pollinator Plants Spotted Joe Pye Weed

Eutrochium maculatum

- Pollinator value: high
- Bloom time: July to September
- Height: ~ 2+ meter
- Light requirements: full sun
- Habitat: variety of soil types
- Soil moisture: moist, wet
- Pollinators: wide variety butterflies, bumblebees, Assassin bugs, Monarch
- Host plant: Ruby tiger moth







Common Boneset

Eupatorium perfoliatum

- Pollinator value: medium
- Bloom time: July to October
- Height: ~ 1+ meter
- Light requirements: full sun to partial sun
- Habitat: variety of soil types
- Soil moisture: moist, wet
- Pollinators: sweat bee, mining bees, bumblebees, Assassin bugs (predator), Monarch (adults)
- Host plant: moths







New England Aster

Symphyotrichum novae-angliae

- Pollinator value: high
- Bloom time: August October
- Height: ~ 1+ meter
- Light requirements: full sun
- Habitat: variety of soil types
- Soil moisture: moist, wet
- Pollinators: Mining bee, leafcutter bees, butterflies and moths
- Host plant: Pearl Crescent Butterfly





• Water - from plants, ponds, streams, bird bath

Shelter

- Nesting or egg-laying
- Over-wintering sites
- Other resources oils, resins, mud, leaves, minerals









SUPPORT NATIVE BEES

Moist Soil



Culver's Root Veronicastrum virginicum



Swamp Milkweed Asclepias incarnata



Obedient Plant Physostegia virginiana



Ironweed Vernonia fasciculata



White Turtlehead Chelone glabra



Blue Lobelia Lobelia siphilitica



Fringed Loosestrife Lysimachia ciliata



Joe Pye Weed Eutrochium maculatum



New England Aster Symphyotrichum novae-angliae



Common Boneset Eupatorium perfoliatum



Blue Vervain Verbena hastata

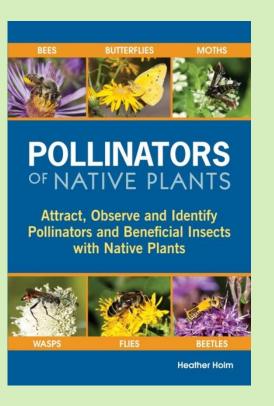


Mountain Mint Pycnanthemum virginanum

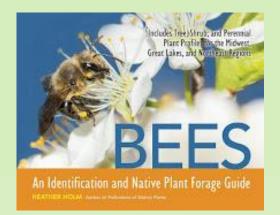
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PLANT NATIVE PLANTS





By Heather Holm



PLANTING FOR POLLINATORS

RAIN GARDENS





Culver's Root













Mountain Mint

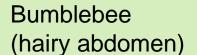




Heather Holm | www.PollinatorsNativePlants.com









Carpenter bee (hairless abdomen)



What can you do?

- Get outside and observe native species and learn to tell them apart!
- Improve habitat
- Contribute to citizen science efforts such as Bumble Bee Watch
- https://www.bumblebeewatch.org/

